## **Safety Data Sheet**

## **ر<sup>اا</sup>،** Bristol Myers Squibb<sup>™</sup>

1. IDENTIFICATION		
Product Information		
Product name	Mavacamten	
Version	2.0, 17.11.2021	
Jurisdiction	This Safety Data Sheet was prepared in accordance with the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS) for the United States of America (USA) (CFR 1910.1200).	
Chemical Name	Trade Secret	
Synonyms	MYK-461; BMS-986427-01; BMS 986427-01; FP0091; PH-MKD-010; SAR439152; 6-[[(1S)-1-phenylethyl]amino]-3-propan-2-yl-1Hpyrimidine-2,4-dione	
Other information	Project Name: 99A28	
Intended Uses	This material is used for Research and Development activities. This material is the active pharmaceutical ingredient (API) in a drug product. It is under investigation for the treatment of hypertrophic cardiomyopathy.	
Company/Undertaking Ident	ification	
Address	Bristol-Myers Squibb Company E-mail: MG-GBS-MSDS-Request@bms.com P.O. Box 191 New Brunswick, New Jersey 08903 United States of America 1-800-332-2056	
Emergency Phone Number	CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300. For all international transportation emergencies call CHEMTREC at 1-703-527-3887. Collect calls accepted.	

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION			
Classification and la	Classification and labelling		
Classification	Toxic To Reproduction - Developmental Toxicity - Category 1B Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure) - Category 1 Substance not fully tested.		
Symbol			
Signal Word	Danger		
Hazard Statements	May damage the unborn child (developmental toxicity) . Causes damage to organs (cardiovascular system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.		
Precautionary Statements	Obtain special instructions before use.  Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.  Use personal protective equipment as required.		

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION	
	Do not breathe dust. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS			
Components	Concentration	CAS No.	H-code(s)
Hazardous compo Mavacamten	nents 100 %	1642288-47-8	H360D H372
See section 16 for H-code text.			

4. FIRST AID MEASURES		
Eye contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. If exposed or concerned: Get medical attention/advice.	
Skin contact	Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Discard contaminated clothing or wash before re-use. If exposed or concerned: Get medical attention/advice.	
Inhalation	Move to fresh air. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. If exposed or concerned: Get medical attention/advice.	
Ingestion	Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If exposed or concerned: Get medical attention/advice.	
Notes to Physician	Material not fully tested. Refer to Section 11.	
Medical Surveillance	Employees who are pregnant, are breast-feeding, or who are concerned with other reproductive issues should be encouraged to consult with the occupational health physician monitoring worker's health.	

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES		
Flammable Properties	Not available	
Extinguishing Media	Suitable extinguishing media: Dry chemical, Water spray, Foam Unsuitable extinguishing media: Do NOT use water jet.	
Protection of Firefighters	Specific hazards: Not available Protective equipment: Use personal protective equipment. In the event of fire, wear self- contained breathing apparatus. Hazardous Combustion Products: carbon oxides (COx), nitrogen oxides (NOx)	
Other information	Decontaminate protective clothing and equipment before reuse.	

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES		
Personal precautions	Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8. Use personal protective equipment. Examples include tightly fitting safety goggles, disposable lab coat of low permeability with cuffs, double gloves and shoe covers. Wear respiratory protection. Depending on the nature of the spill (quantity and extent of spill) additional protective clothing and equipment such as a self-contained breathing apparatus may be needed.	
Environmental precautions	Prevent release to drains and waterways. Prevent release to the environment.	
Containment Methods	Wet down any dust to prevent generation of aerosols, if appropriate. Cover with suitable material.	
Cleanup Methods	Spill prevention procedures and a spill response procedure should be implemented.  Contain and collect spillage and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Clean spill area with a deactivating solution (if available) followed by detergent and water after spill pick-up. Handle waste materials, including gloves, protective clothing, contaminated spill cleanup material, etc., as appropriate for chemically and pharmacologically similar materials.	

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE		
Handling Precautions	Highly potent material. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Prevent release to drains and waterways.	
Container Requirements	Store in sturdy containers appropriate to maintain the integrity of this material for its intended use.	
Storage Conditions	ge Conditions Store at room temperature. Protect against light. Store preferably under anhydrous conditions. Keep away from heat, sparks and flames. Avoid temperature extremes. S locked up.	
Specific use(s)	Refer to Section 1	

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION				
Exposure limit(s)	Company Guideline	ACGIH	Germany OEL	UK MEL
Mavacamten	3 μg/m3			
Recommended Industrial Hygiene Monitoring Methods	A specific exposure sampling method is not available. General - The health hazard risk of handling this material is dependent on many factors, including physical form, % of hazardous component(s), hazards associated with other ingredients (e.g. solvents), duration and frequency of process task, and effectiveness of controls. If it is necessary to handle this compound outside of engineering controls, an exposure risk assessment should be conducted and procedures documented by an qualified EHS professional.			

8. EXPOSURE CONTR	ROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION
Engineering Controls and Ventilation	When handling quantities up to 3 milligrams, a standard laboratory with general laboratory dilution ventilation (e.g. 6-12 air changes per hour) is appropriate. When handling quantities up to > 3 milligrams - 100 grams work in a standard laboratory using approved exposure control device including ventilated balance safety enclosure, Biosafety Cabinets (Type II, all), and Chemical Fume Hood. When handling quantities up to >100 grams - 500 grams, work in either a standard laboratory or designated laboratory (based on unit operations that may increase exposure), using approved exposure control device including ventilated balance safety enclosure, Biosafety Cabinets (Type II, all), and Chemical Fume Hood. When handling quantities up to >500 grams - 1 kilogram, work in a designated laboratory using approved exposure control device including ventilated balance safety enclosure, Biosafety Cabinets (Type II, all), and Chemical Fume Hood. When working with quantities >20 grams - 1 kilogram, fully enclosed process in place of required engineering controls is an acceptable substitution.  For Internal laboratory use only: A documented risk assessment is required. when handling quantities exceeding the maximum amount noted.  For manufacturing and pilot plant operations, barrier/containment technology and direct coupling (totally enclosed processes that create a barrier between the equipment and the room) with use of double or split butterfly valves, hybrid unidirectional airflow/local exhaust ventilation solutions (e.g. powder containment booth) should be used. Glove bags, isolator/glove box systems are optional.
Respiratory protection	Use and selection of respiratory protection is based upon engineering controls in use and potential for aerosol generation. When engineering controls are not sufficient control exposure, wear an approved respirator with NIOSH Class 100 or high efficiency particulate (HEPA) filters or cartridges (EN 140/EN 136) when exposures are up to 10 times the exposure control guideline. Wear a loose-fitting (Tyvek or helmet type) HEPA powered-air purifying respirator (PAPR) (EN 12941) when exposures are 10-25 times the exposure control guideline. Wear a full facepiece negative pressure respirator with Class 100 or HEPA filters (EN 136) when exposures are 25-50 times the exposure control guideline. Wear a tight-fitting, full facepiece HEPA PAPR (EN 12942) when exposures are 50-100 times the exposure control guideline. Wear a hood-shroud HEPA PAPR (EN 12941) or full facepiece supplied air respirator (EN 139) operated in a pressure demand or other positive pressure mode when exposures are 100-1000 times the exposure control guideline.
Eye protection	Safety glasses with side-shields are recommended (EN 166). Face shields or chemical safety goggles (EN 166) may be required if splash potential exists or if corrosive materials are present. Note: Choice of eye protection may be influenced by the type of respirator which is selected.
Hand protection	Wear gloves at all times when handling containers, including when unpacking, inspecting or transporting within a facility. Impervious gloves are recommended. (EN 420, EN 374). Double gloving for all manufacturing personnel potentially in direct contact with the compound should be considered. If material is handled in solution, the solvent should also be considered when selecting protective clothing material.
Skin and body protection	Wear a standard or disposable laboratory coat (EN 340) or coverall when handling quantities up to 100 grams. Wear a disposable laboratory coat (EN 340) or coverall when handling quantities >100 grams. For manufacturing operations, wear disposable coverall of low permeability (EN 1149-1) and disposable shoe covers.
Hygiene	Wash hands and face before breaks and immediately after handling the product.
Environmental exposure controls	Prevent release to drains and waterways.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPE	9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES		
General Information			
Appearance			
Physical State	solid		
Color	white to off-white		
Form	crystalline powder		
Odour			
Odour	Not available		
Odor Threshold	Not available		
Important health safety and environm	nental information		
pН	Not available		
Other information			
Bulk density	Not available		
Chemical Name	Trade Secret		
Evaporation rate	Not available		
Molecular formula	C15 H19 N3 O2		
Hydrolysis/Photolysis	Not available		
Hygroscopicity	Not available		
Molecular Weight	273.3 g/mol		
Log Octanol/Water Partition Coefficient [log Kow]	2.09		
Surface Tension	Not available		
pKa	Not available		
Particle Size	Not available		
Solubility, Water	0.02 g/l (practically insoluble)		
Solubility in other solvents	Buffer solution: (as aqueous solution), practically insoluble		
	methanol: sparingly soluble		
	ethyl alcohol: sparingly soluble		
	dimethyl sulfoxide: freely soluble N-methylpyrrolidinone: freely soluble		
Specific Gravity/ Polotive	Not available		
Specific Gravity/ Relative density	Not available		
Viscosity, dynamic	Not available		
Viscosity, kinematic	Not available		
% Volatile	Not available		
Thermal/Stability properties			
Autoignition temperature	Not available		
Boiling Point	Not available		
Thermal decomposition	Not available		
Explosive Limits, LEL	Not available		
Explosive limits, UEL	Not available		
Explosiveness	Not available		
Flammability	Not available		
Flash point	Not available		
Melting Point	240 °C		
Oxidizing Potential	Not available		
Vapor Properties			
Vapor Density	Not available		
Vapor Pressure	Not available		
Saturated Vapor Concentration	Not available		

10. STABILITY AND R	EACTIVITY
Stability	
Chemical Stability	Stable under normal conditions.
Conditions to avoid	Not available
Materials to avoid	Not available
Hazardous decomposition products	Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions.: carbon oxides (COx), nitrogen oxides (NOx)
Hazardous reactions	None known.
Sensitivity to static di	scharge/Dust exp.
Summary Statements	Although material has not been specifically tested, fine dust suspended in air in sufficient concentration and in the presence of an ignition source may pose a potential explosion hazard. Provide appropriate bonding and grounding protection to control static charge. Powder handling equipment such as dust collectors, dryers, and mills may require additional protective measures (e.g. explosion venting, inerting, etc.).

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION				
Routes of Entry	Ingestion, inhalation, Eye contact, Skin contact			
Eye Irritation	Not available			
Skin Irritation	Not available			
Respiratory Irritation	Not available			
Sensitization	Not available			
Acute Toxicity Study	Acute Oral Maximum tolerated dose (MTD) (dog): < 30 mg/kg low exposure effects includ (<= 300 mg/kg): mortality.			
Repeated Dose Toxicity	6 weeks - 9 months oral (daily) rat, dog study with recovery period (1 month - 3 months) (males and females): NOAEL (9 months, dog) = 0.06 mg/kg; Low dose effects include (< = 100 mg/kg): clinical signs, decreased body weight, decreased food consumption, heart failure, echocardiographic changes, changes in ECG parameters, increase in heart rate, changes in clinical chemistry parameters, increased organ weights included:, heart, moribundity, mortality. Low dose microscopic effects include: heart, liver, lungs, pancreas, lymph nodes, thymus. Effects still present after recovery include: increased organ weights included:, heart. Microscopic changes were observed in the following organs: heart			
Genetic Toxicity	In vitro Ames reverse-mutation assay negative Micronucleus assay (screening) negative in vivo			

	2 Days oral, micronucleus assay (rat) negative  Mutagenicity Assessment  This material was positive in a battery of in vivo and in vitro genotoxicity a  2 Years oral (daily) rat study: Tumor NOAEL = 0.6 mg/kg (males and fer No treatment-related tumors were observed.  6 months oral (daily) mouse study: Tumor NOAEL = 2 mg/kg (males and females). No treatment-related tumors were observed.  Carcinogenicity Assessment  This material did not show carcinogenic potential in animal studies.			
Carcinogenicity				
Carcinogenicity	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	
Mavacamten				
Reproductive Toxicity	oral (daily) Study of Fertility and Early Embryonic Development (rat)			
Developmental Toxicity	12 Days oral (daily) Study of Embryo-Fetal Development (rat) (parent, females) NOAEL = 1.5 mg/kg (embryo/fetus) NOAEL = 0.75 mg/kg Fetal effects include: postimplantation loss, decreased body weight, malformations. Substance was harmful to the fetus at doses that did not produce adverse effects in the maternal animal.  14 Days oral (daily) Study of Embryo-Fetal Development (rabbit) (parent, females) NOAEL = 0.6 mg/kg (embryo/fetus) NOAEL = 0.6 mg/kg Fetal effects include: malformations. Maternal effects include: decreased body weight, decreased weight gain, decreased food consumption, mortality. Teratogenic effects occur only at doses which also produce adverse effects in the maternal animal.  Developmental Toxicity Assessment Selective developmental toxicant			
Human experience	Experiences with Human Exposure  oral Clinical trials – healthy volunteers, patient population exposure time = 1 day - 2 years (1x/day - 2x/day) low exposure - acute effects include: irregular heart rate, cardiac arrest, decreased ejection fraction, lightheadedness, hypotension, diarrhea, nausea, vomiting, fatigue, dizziness, headache, hypoactivity.			

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION		
Target Organs	cardiovascular system	
Symptoms	See "Human Experience".	
Pharmacokinetics/	Absorption: Data available upon request.	
Toxicokinetics	Distribution: Data available upon request.	
	Metabolism: Data available upon request. Elimination: Half-life = 6 - 23 Day(s) (Human).	
Other Toxicity Information	Other Toxicity Tests  Telemetry Study (dog): oral = decrease in blood pressure increase in heart rate changes in ECG parameters increased respiration decreased tidal volume Cardiovascular changes were observed. Respiratory changes were observed.	

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION		
Ecotoxicity effects	Not available	
Mobility	Not available	
Persistence and degradability	Not available	
PBT and vPvB assessment	Not available	

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS	
Advice On Disposal And Packaging	Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or national requirements. This information presented only applies to the material as supplied.
Other information	Disposal by incineration is recommended.

## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

This material is not a dangerous good for the purpose of transportation in all modes.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION United States of America			
TSCA Inventory	Not listed. Food, drug and cosmetic products are exempt from TSCA.		
Regulatory Authorizations and Restrictions:	Not available		

16. OTHER INFORMATION	ON			
Text of H-code(s) ment	ioned in Section 3.			
	H360D	May damage the unborn child		
	H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.		
Recommended Restrict	ions for Use:			
	Not availa	able		
SDS preparation inform	nation			
Prepared by	Global Environment, Health, Safety, and Sustainability 1-732-227-7380			
Prepared on	17.11.202	17.11.2021 DD/MM/YYYY		
	This Safe	ty Data Sheet has been revised. This data sheet contains changes from the		
	previous version in section(s): 8, 9, 11, and 16. This Safety Data Sheet was prepar			
	for the United States of America (USA).			

Country- Specific Emergency Phone Numbers

Country	Local # or Toll Free in Country*	Greeting Language	Country	Local # or Toll Free in Country*	Greeting Language
	AMERICAS		Latvia (Riga)	+(371)-66165504	Latvian
Argentina (Buenos Aires)	+(54)- 1159839431	Latin American Spanish	Lithuania (Vilnius)	+(370)-52140238	Lithuanian
Brazil (Rio De Janeiro)	+(55)- 2139581449	Portuguese	Luxembourg	+(352)-20202416	French, German, Luxembourgish
Cayman Islands	+(1)-345-749- 8392	English	Netherlands	+(31)-858880596	Dutch
Chile (Santiago)	+(56)-225814934	Latin American Spanish	Norway (Oslo)	+(47)-21930678	Norwegian
Colombia *	01800-710-2151	Latin American Spanish	Poland (Warsaw)	+(48)-223988029	Polish
Costa Rica*	+(506)-40003869	Latin American Spanish	Portugal	+(351)- 308801773	Portuguese
Mexico*	01-800-681-9531	Latin American Spanish	Romania	(+40)-37- 6300026	Romanian
Panama	+(507)-8322475	Latin American Spanish	Russia*	8-800-100-6346	Russian
Peru (Lima)	+(51)-17071295	Latin American Spanish	Slovakia (Bratislava)	+(421)- 233057972	Slovak
Trinidad and Tobago*	+(1)-868-224- 5716	English	Slovenia (Ljubljana)	+(386)-18888016	Slovene/Slovenian
EUROPE		Spain (Barcelona)	+(34)-931768545	European Spanish	
			Spain*	900-868538	European Spanish
Austria (Vienna)	+(43)-13649237	German	Sweden (Stockholm)	+(46)-852503403	Swedish
Belgium (Brussels)	+(32)-28083237	French, Flemish, German	Switzerland (Zurich)	+(41)- 435082011	Swiss German, French and Italian
Bulgaria (Plovdiv)	+(359)-32570104	Bulgarian	Turkey (Istanbul)	+(90)-212- 7055340	Turkish
Croatia (Zagreb)	+(385)-17776920	Croatian	Ukraine	+(380)- 947101374	Ukrainian
Czech Republic (Prague)	+(420)- 228880039	Czech	UK (London)	+(44)-870- 8200418	English
Finland (Helsinki)	+(358)- 942419014	Finnish	EAST ASIA		
France	+(33)-975181407	French	China	86-21-33235036	Mandarin
Germany *	0800-181-7059	German	Hong Kong*	800-968-793	Cantonese
Denmark	+(45)-69918573	Danish	Japan	+(81)-345209637	Japanese
Estonia	+(372-6681294	Estonian	Singapore	+(65)-31581349	English and Mandarir
Germany (Frankfurt)	+(49)- 69643508409	German	South Korea	+(82) 070-7686- 0086	Korean
Greece (Athens)	+(30)- 2111768478	Greek	AUSTRALIA & OCEANIA		
Hungary (Budapest)	+(36)-18088425	Hungarian	Australia (Sydney)	+(61)-290372994	English
Italy •	800-789-767	Italian	New Zealand*	+(64)-98010034	English
Italy (Milan)	+(39)- 245557031	Italian	India *	000-800-100- 7141	Hindi

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